

A Distributed MIMO Radar with Joint Optimal Transmit and Receive Signal Combining School of Electrical Sciences

Swerling-0 target Proposed MIMO: 6dB SNR **improvement as PA** 3 x 4 System **Proposed MIMO: 5.75dB SNR** improvement with increased antennas

Results

Conclusions

- **MIMO** radar schemes
- Approaches optimality with channel estimation
- Future work: moving target detection, tracking, etc.

Publications:

- review).
- Bangalore (submitted).

References:



0.98 dB and 0.61 dB approximately for L = 2, 4, 8 respectively

10th

Research

Scholars' Day

• The proposed scheme yielding much better result than the existing

• The proposed scheme performs the same as the ideal phased-array radar in case of the non-fluctuating target and performs better than phased-array radar at high SNR in case of fluctuating target

1. A Distributed MIMO Radar with Joint Optimal Transmit and Receive Signal Combining, IEEE Transactions on Aerospace and Electronics Systems (under

2. A Study on the Performance of Distributed Phased Array Radar, SPCOM 2020, IISc

1. I. S. Merrill et al., "Introduction to radar systems," Mc Grow-Hill, vol. 7, no. 10, 2001. 2. J. Li and P. Stoica, MIMO as a Distributed Radar System. IEEE, 2009.

3. E. Fishler, A. Haimovich, R. S. Blum, L. J. Cimini, D. Chizhik, and R. A. Valenzuela, "Spatial diversity in radars—models and detection performance," IEEE Transactions on Signal Processing, vol. 54, no. 3, pp. 823–838, March 2006.

4. F. Daum and J. Huang, "Mimo radar: Snake oil or good idea?" in 2009 International Waveform Diversity and Design Conference, Feb 2009, pp. 113–117.

5. J. Li and P. Stoica, "The phased array is the maximum snr active array [lecture notes]," IEEE Signal Processing Magazine, vol. 27, no. 2, pp. 143–144, March 2010.